

Example 16: Verifying elastic raft on Isotropic elastic half-space soil medium**1 Description of the problem**

To verify the mathematical model of *ELPLA* for elastic raft, the results of an elastic raft at different relative stiffness obtained by other analytical solutions from *Stark/ Majer* (1988) and *Borowicka* (1939) are compared with those obtained by *ELPLA*.

A rectangular raft with sides 12 [m] and 6 [m], that rests on an isotropic elastic half-space soil medium is chosen and subdivided into 12×12 elements as shown in Figure 24. The elastic properties of the raft and the soil are $E_s = 10\,000$ [kN/m²], $E_b = 2.6 \times 10^7$ [kN/m²], $\nu_s = 0$ [-] and $\nu_b = 0.15$ [-]. The raft carries a uniform load of 100 [kN/m²].

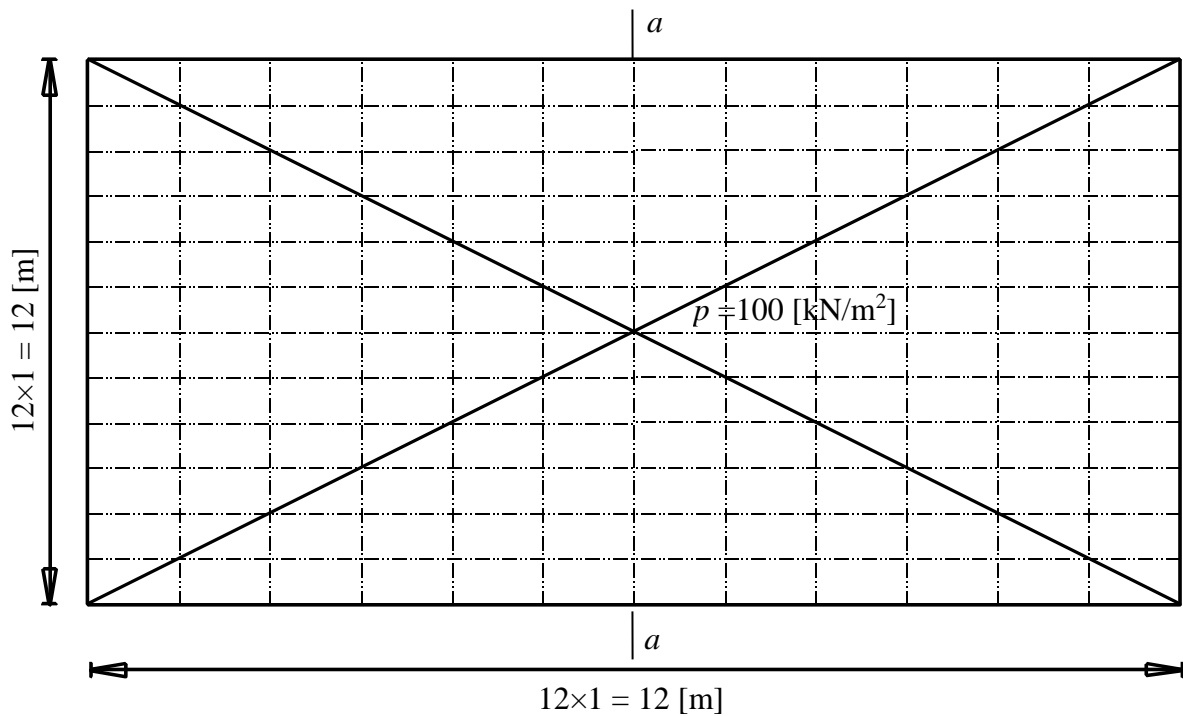


Figure 24 Raft geometry, loading and FE-Net

2 Results

Figure 24 to Figure 27 show the comparison of the results at the middle section $a-a$ of the raft obtained by *ELPLA* with those obtained by *Stark/ Majer* (1988) and *Borowicka* (1939) for several relative stiffnesses k_B which are defined in Eq. 18 according to *Borowicka* (1939).

Examples to verify and illustrate *ELPLA*

The relative stiffness of the soil-raft system, k_B [-], is defined by

$$k_B = \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1 - \nu_s^2}{1 - \nu_b^2} \right) \left(\frac{E_b}{E_s} \right) \left(\frac{d}{b} \right)^3 \quad (18)$$

where:

- ν_b and ν_s *Poisson's* ratios for raft material and soil, respectively [-]
- E_b and E_s *Young's* modulus of raft material and soil, respectively [kN/m²]
- b Half-width for the strip raft or radius for the circular raft [m]
- d Thickness of the raft [m]

In which, $k_B = 0.0$ indicates a perfectly flexible raft, and $k_B = \infty$ means a perfectly rigid raft. Eq. 18 was evaluated for $k_B = \pi/30, \pi/10$ and $\pi/3$.

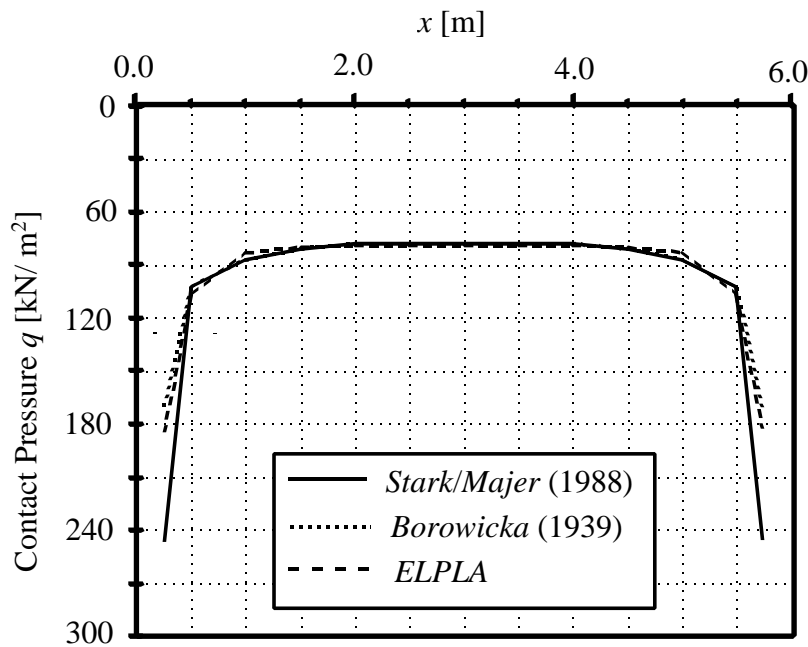


Figure 25 Contact pressure distribution q [kN/m²] at section a-a, $k_B = \pi/30, d = 18.5$ [cm]

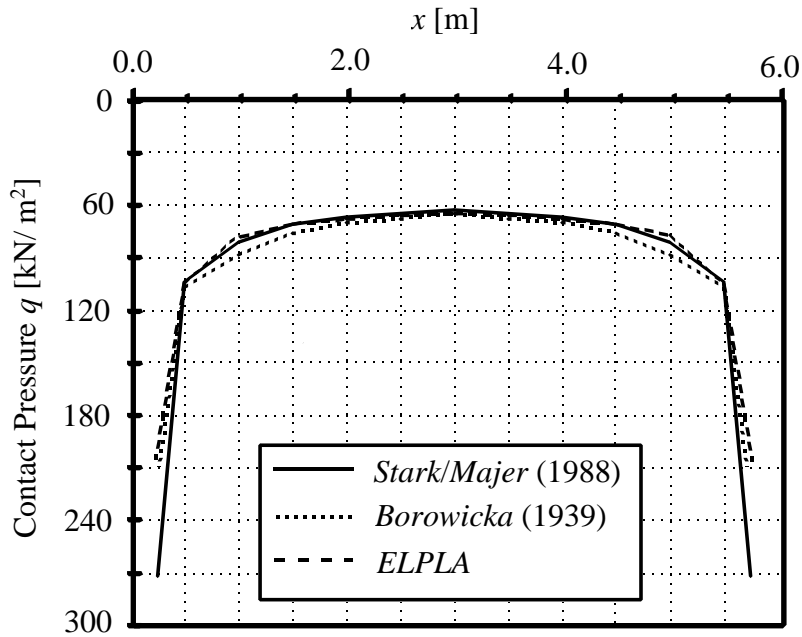


Figure 26 Contact pressure distribution q [kN/m²] at section a-a, $k_B = \pi/10$, $d = 26.7$ [cm]

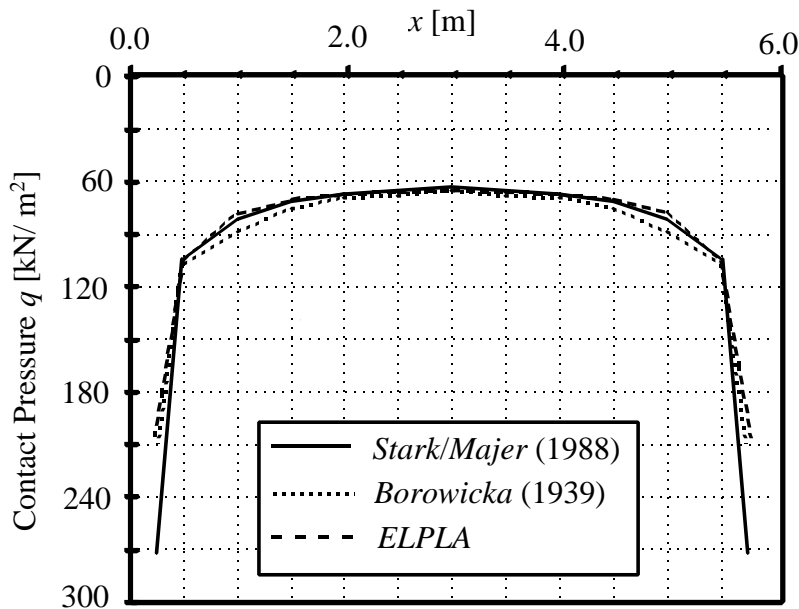


Figure 27 Contact pressure distribution q [kN/m²] at section a-a, $k_B = \pi/3$, $d = 40$ [cm]

It is obviously from Figure 25 to Figure 27 that the results of elastic raft obtained by *ELPLA* are nearly equal to those obtained by *Stark/ Majer* (1988) and *Borowicka* (1939).